



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: XII	Department: Commerce
Subject: BST	Chapter 3: Public, Private & Global Enterprises
Worksheet: 02	Case Based Questions

Q.No	
1	These enterprises are established as departments of the ministry and are considered part or an extension of the ministry itself'. Identify the type of organization
2	The employees of the enterprise are Government servants and their recruitment and conditions of service are the same as that of other employees directly under the Government. They are headed by Indian Administrative Service (IAS) officers and civil servants who are transferable from one ministry to another. Identify the type of organization
3	The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) is India's central banking institution, which controls the issuance and supply of the Indian rupee. Until the Monetary Policy Committee was established in 2016, it also controlled monetary policy in India. It commenced its operations on 1 April 1935 in accordance with the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Following India's independence on 15 August 1947, the RBI was nationalized on 1 January 1949. It is a vital financial apex institution of an economy and functions with the goal of maintaining economic stability and growth of an economy. The bank is also active in promoting financial inclusion policy and is a leading member of the Alliance for Financial Inclusion (AFI). The bank is often referred to by the name 'Mint Street'. RBI is also known as banker's bank. And regulator and supervisor of the financial system Name the type of organization from public, private and global enterprises.
4	Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited (BHEL), owned by Government of India, is a power plant equipment manufacturer and operates as an engineering and manufacturing company based in New Delhi, India. Established in 1964, BHEL is India's largest engineering and manufacturing company of its kind. The company has been earning profits continuously since 1971-72 and paying dividends uninterruptedly since 1976. BHEL was established in 1964. Its products are Gas and Steam Turbines, Boilers, Electric Motors, Generators, Heat Exchangers, Pumps, Switchgears, Sensors, Automation and Control Systems, Power electronics, Transmission systems etc. Shareholders (as on 31-December-2014) are Central Government of India and State governments is 63.06%, Foreign Institutional Investors (FII)15.95%, Insurance companies 10.52%, Banks, Financial Institutions and Mutual Funds 06.80%, Individual shareholders 02.33%, and Others 1.34%- Total100.00% Identify the type of company.

5	The Government of India wants to expand the Railways. Answer the following questions related to it. a. Which Government department will do this job? b. To which department does this type of enterprise belong? c. How will the enterprise manage the finances for this project? d. Who is responsible for the completion of this project?
6	The government planned to begin a Road Project. The government needed management specialists and financial help to complete it. The government contacted a private sector enterprise to fulfil this requirement. The private sector enterprise agreed to provide the required support. Identify the type of partnership in the above case.
7	Identify the features of MNC on the basis of the following. a. Investors and banks of the host country are willing to invest in them a. Global enterprise usually enters into agreements with Indian companies pertaining to the sale of technology, production of goods etc.
8	Identify the appropriate form of enterprise for the following firms: a. Walmart b. Toyota motors c. Bharat Heavy Electrical Ltd d. Indian Railways
9	Assertion (A): The Central Government of India has established a department that is considered an extension of the ministry itself. Reason(R): LIC is an example of such a department. On the basis of the above Assertion and Reason choose the correct answer from the options given below. (a) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and the Reason is a correct explanation of the Assertion. (b) Both Assertion and Reason are correct but Reason is not a correct explanation of the Assertion. (c) The Assertion is correct but the Reason is incorrect. (d) Both the Assertion and Reason are incorrect.

9	Assertion (A): Political interference is a demerit of a government company. Reason(R): The operational policies of the government companies are formed according to the whims and fancies of the ministers. (a) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and the Reason is a correct explanation of the Assertion. (b) Both Assertion and Reason are correct but Reason is not a correct explanation of the Assertion. (c) The Assertion is correct but Reason is incorrect. (d) Both the Assertion and Reason are incorrect.
10	Assertion (A): Public Sector Enterprises are organizations that are owned by the public. Reason(R): Public sector enterprises cannot be managed by the government properly. (a) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and the Reason is a correct explanation of the Assertion. (b) Both Assertion and Reason are correct but Reason is not a correct explanation of the Assertion. (c) The Assertion is correct but Reason is incorrect. (d) Both the Assertion and Reason are incorrect